

Fact sheets

Sheets 1 to 10: South Africa and provinces

Sheets 11 to 13: Commodity groups

Sheets 14 to 15: Forestry and ocean (marine) fisheries

Version 2: published 17 April 2020





NATIONAL

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 1 of 15

South Africa has 40 122 commercial farms. One in four of these are located in the Free State, the province that generates the second largest amount of income from commercial agriculture. Western Cape generates the most income. The country's largest outputs by volume are maize, sugarcane and potatoes.



40 122

The number of commercial farms in the country.



46,4 million

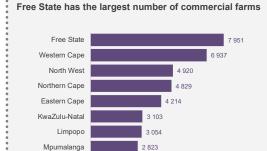
Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing 38% of the total land area of South Africa



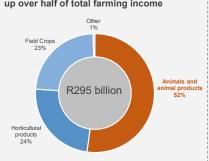
R332,8 billion

Income generated by commercial agriculture. Farming of animals is a major contributor (36%).

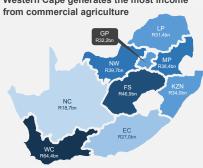
Did you know...



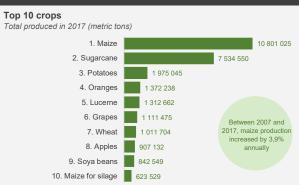
Animals and animal products make up over half of total farming income



Western Cape generates the most income

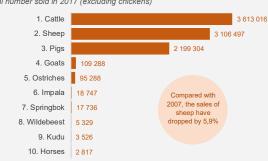


What does the country produce?

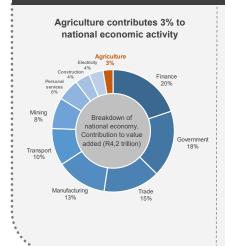


Top 10 animals

Total number sold in 2017 (excluding chickens)



How important is agriculture to the economy?



Western Cape is the biggest agricultural employer Number of employees



77% of farming land is owned by the farmer

Percentage of 46,4 million hectares







EASTERN CAPE

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 2 of 15

Eastern Cape is goat country. Half of the nation's goat population resides in a single district. Sarah Baartman is home to over 300 000 goats. The province is the leading producer of pineapples and the second biggest producer of apples, lemons and oranges.



4214

The number of commercial farms in the province. This represents 11% of the national total.



5,7 million

Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing **34%** of the total land area of Eastern Cape.

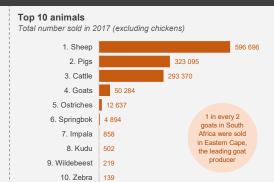


R27,0 billion

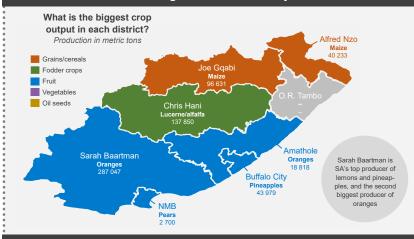
Eastern Cape is the 8th biggest income generating province in terms of commercial agriculture.

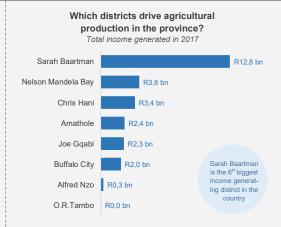
What does the province produce?



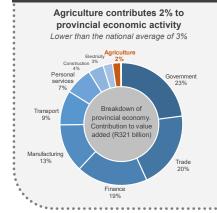


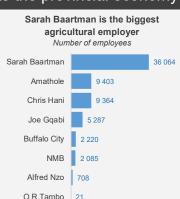
Where is commercial agricultural activity concentrated?

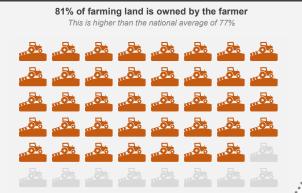




How important is agriculture to the provincial economy?











FREE STATE

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 3 of 15

Free State is the top cattle producer. Thabo Mofutsanyane district has the highest population of cattle in the country (0,66 million). That's 11% of the nation's total cattle population. Free State is the leading producer of maize, which is important for food security in the country.



7951

The number of commercial farms in the province. This represents 20% of the national total.



7,6 million

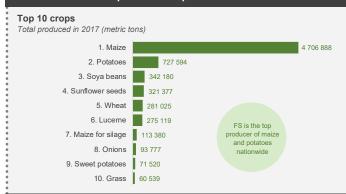
Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing **59%** of the total land area of Free State.

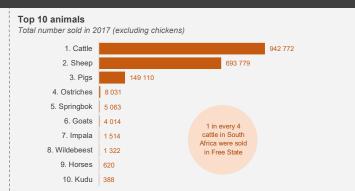


R46,9 billion

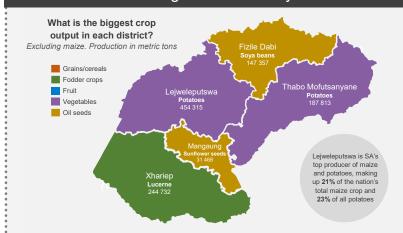
Free State is the **2**nd biggest income generating province in terms of commercial agriculture.

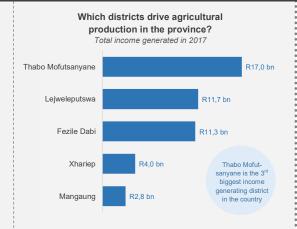
What does the province produce?



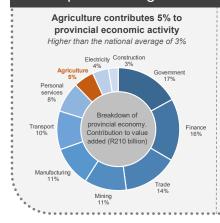


Where is commercial agricultural activity concentrated?

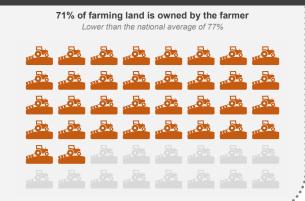




How important is agriculture to the provincial economy?











GAUTENG

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 4 of 15

Thank Gauteng for most of our carrots. The province is the top national producer of carrots and is ranked sixth for the production of both maize and potatoes. Gauteng is also the top seller of pigs and the second largest seller of cattle after Free State.



2291

The number of commercial farms in the province. This represents **6%** of the national total.



385 317

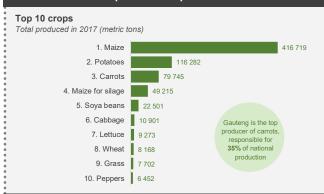
Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing 21% of the total land area of Gauteng.



R32,2 billion

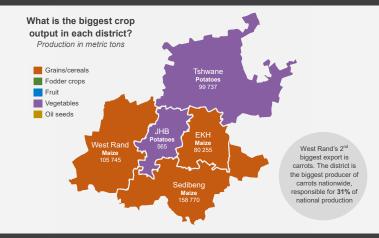
Gauteng is the **6**th biggest income generating province in terms of commercial agriculture.

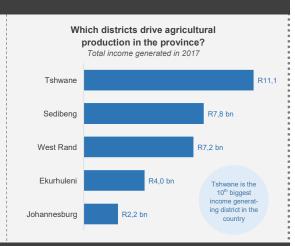
What does the province produce?



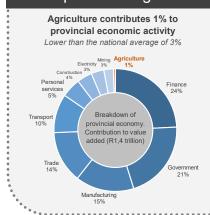


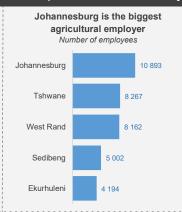
Where is commercial agricultural activity concentrated?

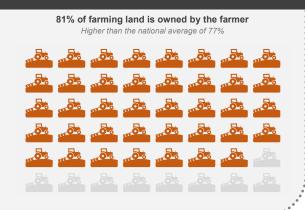




How important is agriculture to the provincial economy?











KWAZULU-NATAL

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 5 of 15

KwaZulu-Natal is the sugarcane capital, responsible for the bulk of national production. It also produces the most cabbage and is the second largest producer of pineapples. The province is the second biggest seller of pigs after Gauteng.



3 103

The number of commercial farms in the province. This represents **8%** of the national total.



1,8 million

Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing **20%** of the total land area of KwaZulu-Natal.



R34,0 billion

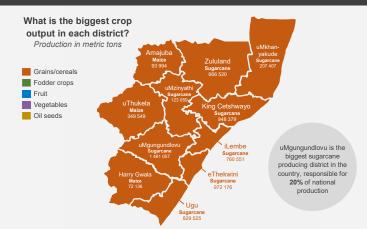
KwaZulu-Natal is the **5**th biggest income generating province in terms of commercial agriculture.

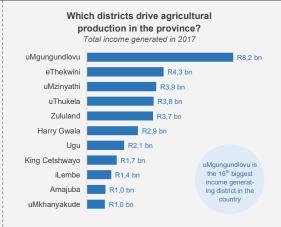
What does the province produce?



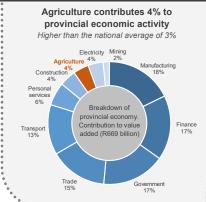


Where is commercial agricultural activity concentrated?

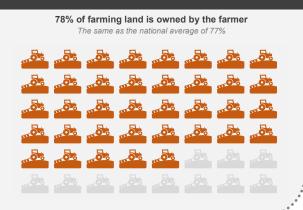




How important is agriculture to the provincial economy?











LIMPOPO

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 6 of 15

Limpopo grows the bulk of our tomatoes. It is also a leading producer of citrus fruits (oranges, grapefruit, lemons, mangoes and naartjies). The province is also the number one producer of avocados and butternut. The region has the third biggest population of pigs after Gauteng and KwaZulu-Natal.



3054

The number of commercial farms in the province. This represents **8%** of the national total.



1,7 million

Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing **14%** of the total land area of Limpopo.



R31,4 billion

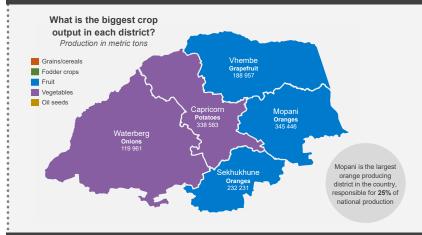
Limpopo is the **7**th biggest income generating province in terms of commercial agriculture.

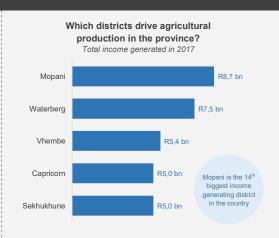
What does the province produce?



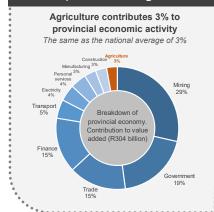


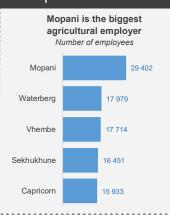
Where is commercial agricultural activity concentrated?

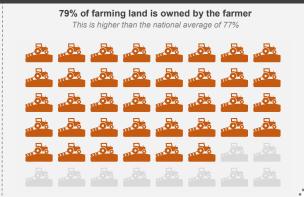




How important is agriculture to the provincial economy?











MPUMALANGA

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 7 of 15

Mpumalanga is banana country, producing over two-thirds of the nation's entire crop. It also produces most of our soya beans and macadamia nuts. The province is the second largest producer of both sugarcane (after KwaZulu-Natal) and maize (after Free State).



2823

The number of commercial farms in the province. This represents **7%** of the national total.



2,5 million

Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing **32%** of the total land area of Mpumalanga.

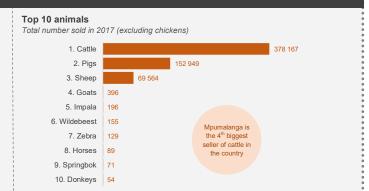


R38,4 billion

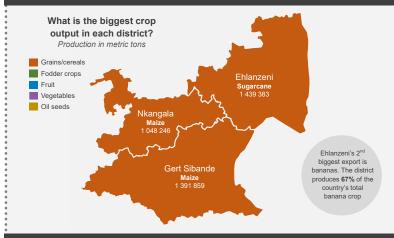
Mpumalanga is the **4**th biggest income generating province in terms of commercial agriculture.

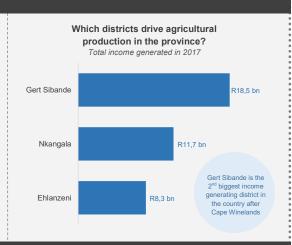
What does the province produce?



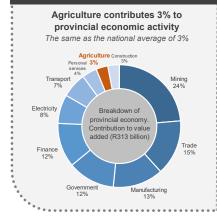


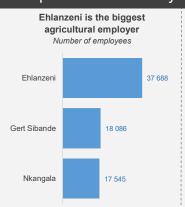
Where is commercial agricultural activity concentrated?

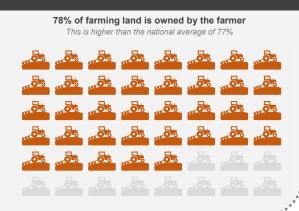




How important is agriculture to the provincial economy?











NORTHERN CAPE

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 8 of 15

Sheep rule the Northern Cape. The province has the biggest sheep population. Pixley ka Seme district has the highest number (1,3 million or 16% of sheep nationwide) with sheep outnumbering people six to one! The region is also the top lucerne producer and the second biggest grape producer after Western Cape.



4829

The number of commercial farms in the province. This represents 12% of the national total.



17,2 million

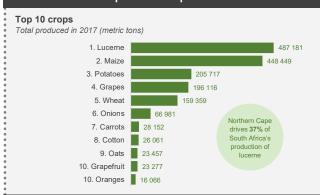
Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing **46%** of the total land area of Northern Cape.

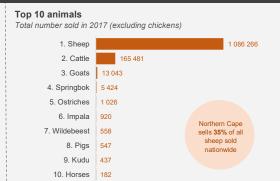


R18,7 billion

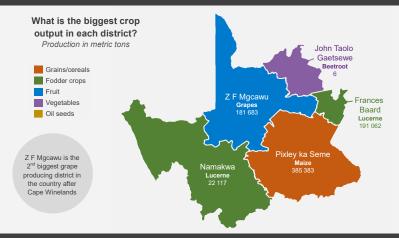
Northern Cape is the **9**th biggest income generating province in terms of commercial agriculture.

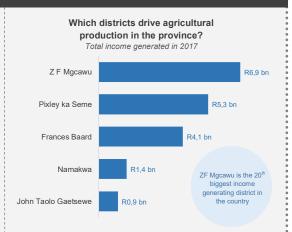
What does the province produce?



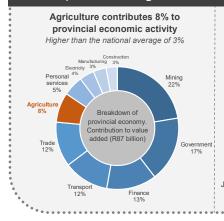


Where is commercial agricultural activity concentrated?

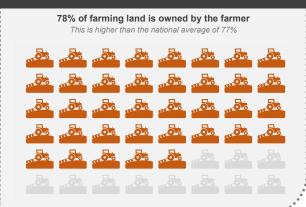




How important is agriculture to the provincial economy?











NORTH WEST

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 9 of 15

North West is the top beetroot producer, and the second biggest producer of sunflower seeds after Free State. The province is also the second biggest producer of carrots after Gauteng. Other main agriculture exports include maize, sunflower seeds, lucerne and cattle.



4920

The number of commercial farms in the province. This represents 12% of the national total.



5,3 million

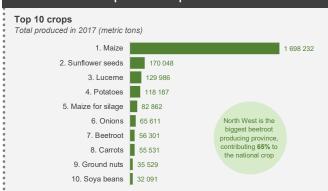
Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing **51%** of the total land area of North West.

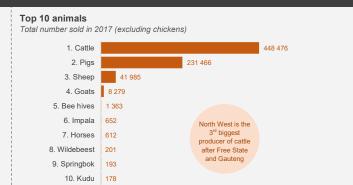


R39,7 billion

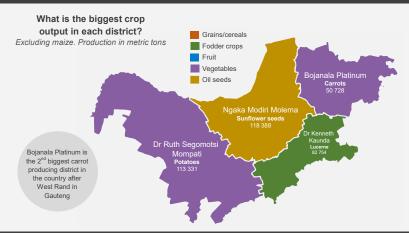
North West is the 3rd biggest income generating province in terms of commercial agriculture.

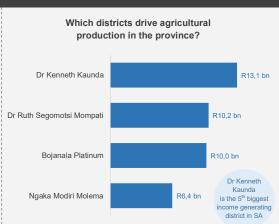
What does the province produce?



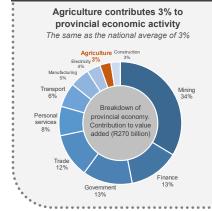


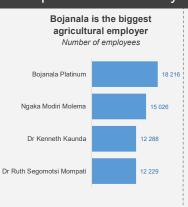
Where is commercial agricultural activity concentrated?

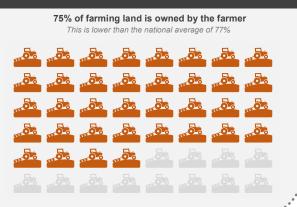




How important is agriculture to the provincial economy?











WESTERN CAPE

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 10 of 15

Western Cape's main business is grapes. It is also the leading producer of other deciduous fruits, such as apples, peaches, pears and plums. Many of these products are exported to other countries. The province is also the number one producer of wheat, barley and onions.



6937

The number of commercial farms in the province. This represents 17% of the national total.



4,1 million

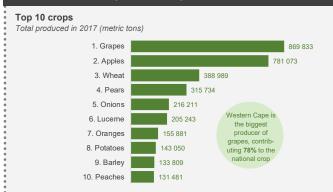
Hectares of land used by commercial agriculture, representing **32%** of the total land area of Western Cape.

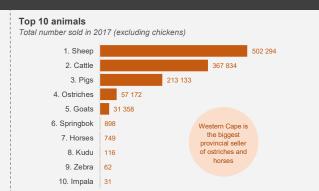


R64,4 billion

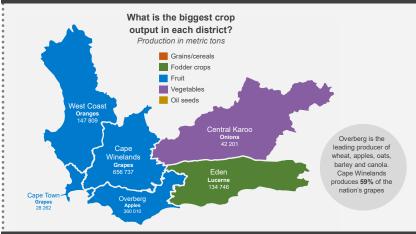
Western Cape is the biggest income generating province in terms of commercial agriculture.

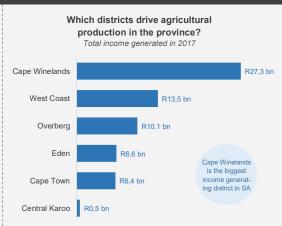
What does the province produce?



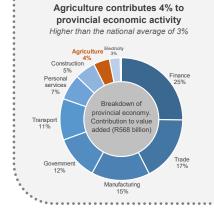


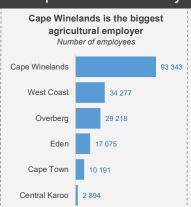
Where is commercial agricultural activity concentrated?

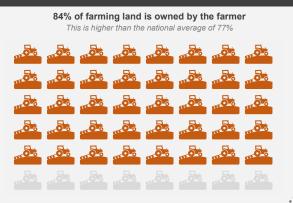




How important is agriculture to the provincial economy?











FIELD CROPS

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 11 of 15

Field crops are important for food security, and they account for the largest portion of cultivated land in South Africa. In terms of area planted, the major field crops in both 2007 and 2017 were maize, soya beans, sunflower seeds, wheat and sugarcane.



R69,0 billion

The amount of income generated by field crops in 2017, 23% of total farming income.



123 977

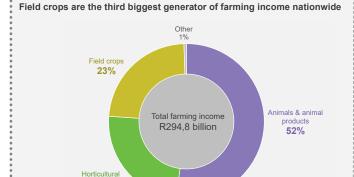
Employees working exclusively with field crops, representing 16% of the commercial agricultural workforce.

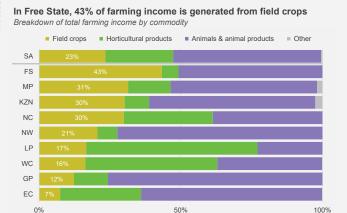


10,8 million

Maize production in metric tons. The country produced 47% more maize in 2017 than it did in 2007.

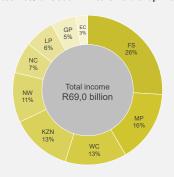
Did you know...





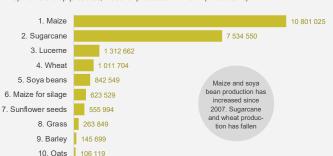
Free State generates 26% of South Africa's field crop income

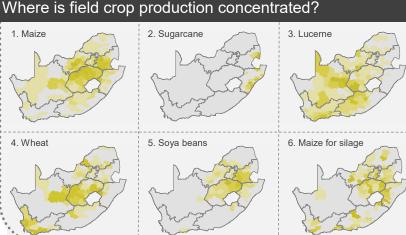
24%

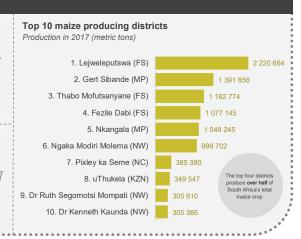


Maize is the biggest field crop

Top 10 field crop products, National production in 2017 (metric tons)











HORTICULTURE

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 12 of 15

Fruits and vegetables account for almost a quarter of total farming income. In terms of production, the major horticultural crops in 2017 were potatoes, oranges, grapes and apples. Horticultural products are often produced for export. A significant amount of table grapes, pears and apples were exported in 2017.



R70,5 billion

The amount of income generated by horticulture in 2017, 24% of total gross farming income.



268 740

Employees working exclusively with horticulture, representing 36% of the commercial agricultural workforce.



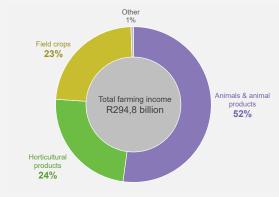
2,0 million

Potato production in metric tons. The country produced 37% more potatoes in 2017 than it did in 2007.

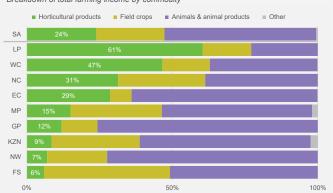
Did you know...



Horticulture is the second biggest generator of farming income



In Limpopo, 61% of farming income is generated from horticulture Breakdown of total farming income by commodity

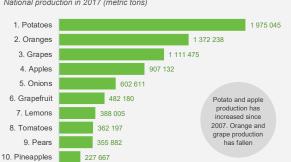


Western Cape generates 37% of South Africa's horticultural income

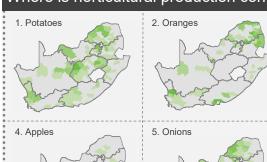


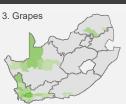
Potatoes are the biggest horticultural crop

National production in 2017 (metric tons)



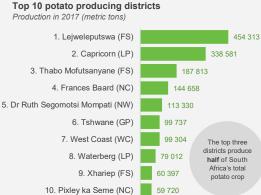
Where is horticultural production concentrated?





6. Grapefruit









ANIMALS

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 13 of 15

South African commercial farmers sold over a billion chickens in 2017. Almost a third of these were from farmers in Tshwane (Gauteng) and the Gert Sibande district (Mpumalanga). Other animals sold by commercial agriculture in South Africa include cattle, pigs, sheep and goats.



R153,8 billion

Amount of income generated by animals and animal products, 52% of total farming income.



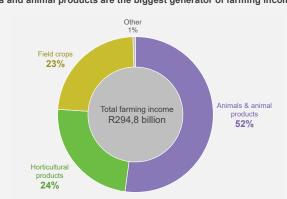
Employees working exclusively with the farming of animals, 21% of the commercial agricultural workforce.



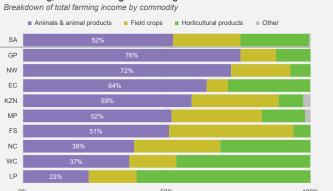
The number of chickens sold by commercial agriculture in 2017, a rise of 14% compared with 2007.

Did you know...

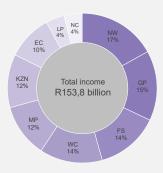




In Gauteng, 76% of farming income is generated from animals



North West generates 17% of South Africa's animal product income



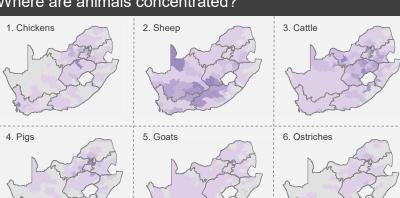
Top 10 national animal sales

10. Horses

2 817

Total number sold in 2017 (excluding chickens) 1. Cattle 3 613 016 2. Sheep 3 106 497 3. Pigs 2 199 304 4. Goats 6. Impala 7. Springbok Cattle and pig sales 8. Wildebeest since 2007. Sheep 9. Kudu 3 526

Where are animals concentrated?



Top 10 cattle selling districts







FORESTRY

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 14 of 15

KwaZulu-Natal and Mpumalanga dominate the South African forestry, logging and related services industry. Activities related to this industry occur in five of the nine provinces, with KwaZulu-Natal the biggest province in terms of income. The industry employs 40 482 people.



R23,0 billion

Amount of income generated by the industry.



40 482

Number of employed in the industry.

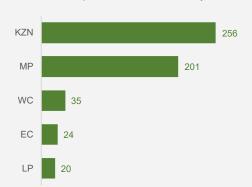


R96 184

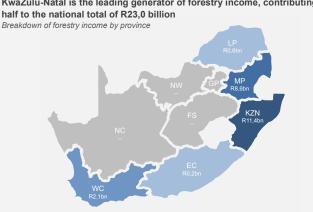
The average annual salary for employees.

Key statistics

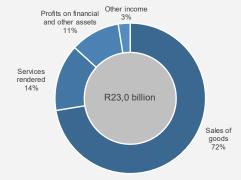
Nationwide, there are 536 commercial farms involved in forestry Number of farms across the five provinces where there are forestry activities



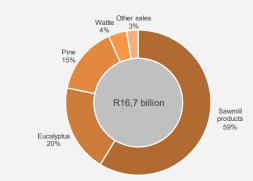
KwaZulu-Natal is the leading generator of forestry income, contributing



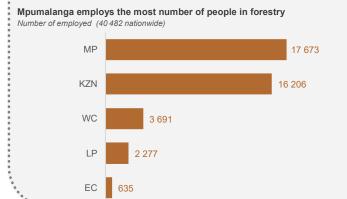




Sawmill products contributed 59% to sales of goods



Employment











OCEAN (MARINE) FISHERIES

CENSUS OF COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE 2017 Fact sheet 15 of 15

16 378 people work in the ocean (marine) fisheries and related services industry. The industry generated R16,1 billion in income in 2018, and spent R14,2 billion. The average annual salary for a worker was R167 200.



R16,1 billion

Amount of income generated by the industry.



16378

Number of employed in the industry.

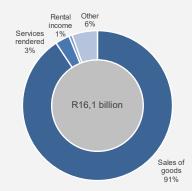


R167 200

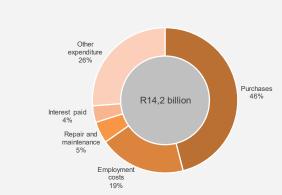
The average annual salary for employees.

Key statistics

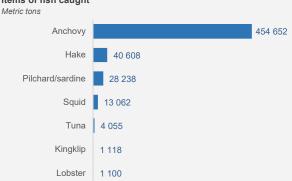


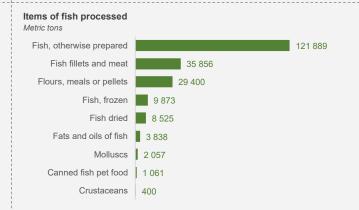


Spending: Employee costs take up 19% of total expenditure



Items of fish caught

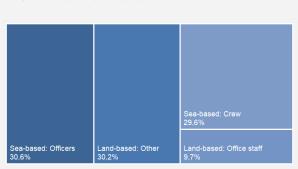




Employment

Sea-based officers make up 30,6% of the fishery workforce

Percentage of the employed (16 378 people)



Two-thirds of the workforce are men

Number of employed by sex of employee

