Prospecting Methods



Prospecting is the lifeblood of selling

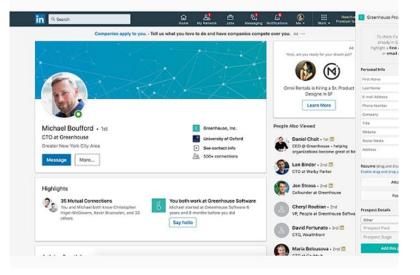




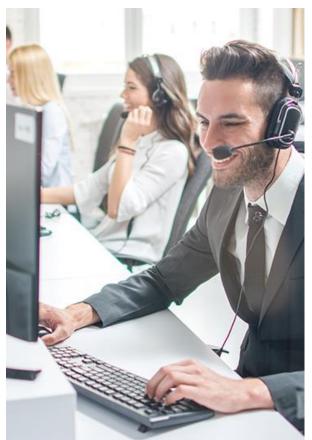
E-PROSPECTING ONTHE WEB

PEOPLE SEARCH





PeopleFinder...



INDIVIDUALS



ORGANISATIONS



- It may be important for a salesperson to find information on a company.
- Most businesses have their own websites.
- Useful information that can help them decide if the company is a potential buyer.



COLD CANVASSING

- Based on the law of averages.
- E.g. 1 person out of 10 will buy a product, then 50 sales calls could result in 5 sales.
- Salesperson contacts in person, by phone and/or by mail as many leads as possible, recognising that a certain percentage of people approached will buy.
- No knowledge about the individual or business called on.
- Relies solely on the volume of cold calls made.







Insurance and cell phone companies by means of telemarketing or door-to-door sales.



CUSTOMER REFERRAL

- Contacting stranger's day after day is challenging even for the most motivated of individuals
- Once someone is sold, the salesperson has two possibilities for future sales.
- Satisfied customers are likely to buy again from the salesperson.
- This stresses the importance of building a relationship with the customer.





ORPHANED CUSTOMERS

- Salespeople often leave their employers to take other jobs; when they do, their customers are orphaned.
- A salesperson should quickly contact such customers to begin developing relationships.
- Inactive accounts.
- Determine why the customer stopped buying from you.
- Re-establish contact and turning that prospect into a customer





SALES LEAD CLUBS



Organise a group of salespeople in related but non-competitive fields to meet twice a month to share leads and prospecting tips.



Ask yourself the following questions:

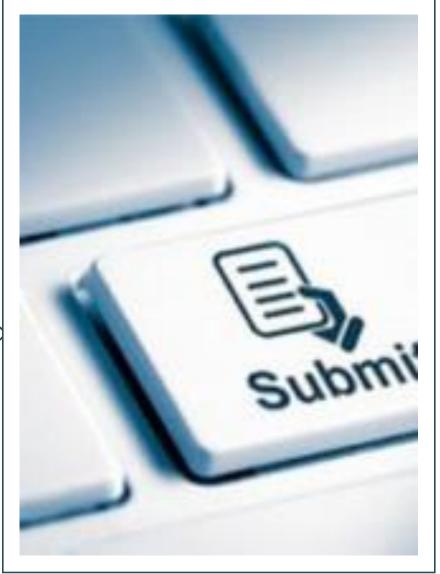
- Who are my ideal prospects?
- Which economic bracket do they usually fall into?
- What kinds of organisations do they belong to?
- What characteristics do most of my existing customers share?
- Are they married, single, widowed or divorced?
- Do they have children?
- Do they have particular political leanings?
- Similar occupations, educations, hobbies, illnesses, transportation needs or concerns?





BECOME AN EXPERT - GET PUBLISHED

- Submit articles.
- Information that people can genuinely use
- No spelling or grammatical mistakes.
- Ask the publication to include your address and telephone number at the end of the article and to write a little blurb about your expertise.
- Prospects who call you for advice can come to depend on you and your product.
- Attract prospects without having to go out prospecting.





PUBLIC EXHIBITIONS AND DEMONSTRATIONS









Exhibitions and demonstrations at trade shows and other types of special interest gatherings.

A salesperson has only a few minutes to qualify leads and get names and addresses in order to contact them later at their homes or offices for demonstrations.

Salesperson-buyer contact is usually brief.

Extensive contact with a large number of potential buyers over a brief time.

Here are several things to do:

- Set up an interesting display to get people's attention. A popcorn machine, juggler or expensive giveaways are good ideas.
- Write down your message so that it fits on the back of a business card.
- Practice communicating two or three key points that get your message across succinctly.
 - Make a list of the major buyers at the show you want to pursue for contacts.
- Set up to maximise your display's visibility based on the flow of traffic.
- Be assertive in approaching passers-by.
 - Use lead cards to write down prospect information for efficient and effective post show follow-up.
- Be prepared for rejection. Some buyers will ignore you.



CENTRE OF INFLUENCE

Prospecting via the centre of influence method involves:

Finding and cultivating people in a community or territory who are willing to communication-operate in helping to find prospects.

They typically have a particular position that includes some form of influence over other people, as well as information that allows the salesperson to identify good prospects.



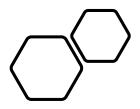
OBSERVATION



- Constantly watch what is happening in the sales area the observation method.
- Construction in their territories.
- ➤ New families moving into town are excellent leads for real estate and insurance salespeople.
- Keep your eyes and ears open for information on who needs your product.



NETWORKING

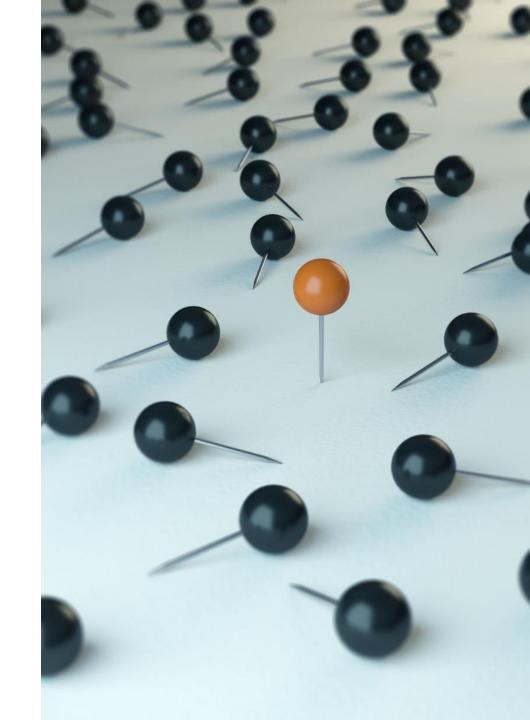


Prospecting never ends.

Always on the lookout for customers.

Everyone they meet may be a prospect or that person may provide a name that could lead to a sale.

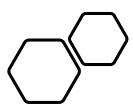
The term given to making and using contacts is **NETWORKING**.





Networking can be the most reliable and effective.
People want to do business with and refer business to people they know, like and trust.

The days of one-shot salesperson are over; the name of the game today is relationship building.



- Cultivating that network brings sales.
- Positioning, not exposure.
- Goal of cultivating your network is to carve a solid niche in the mind of each of your contacts.
- Possible resource that would come to mind.
- When meeting someone:
- Tell them what you sell.
 - ✓ Ask what they do.
 - ✓ Exchange business cards.
 - ✓ Periodically contact the person.
 - ✓ Use several of the previously discussed methods of prospecting to build your network such as the endless chain or centre of influence methods.



